USER'S MANUAL

Multimeter True RMS

DMR-6780

CIRCUIT-TEST ELECTRONICS

www.circuittest.com

Introduction

This meter measures AC/DC Voltage, AC/DC Current, Resistance, Capacitance, Frequency (electrical & electronic), Diode Test, and Continuity plus Thermocouple Temperature. It features a waterproof, rugged design for heavy duty use. Proper use and care of this meter will provide many years of reliable service.

Safety



This symbol adjacent to another symbol, terminal or operating device indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the Operating Instructions to avoid personal injury or damage to the meter.

WARNING

This WARNING symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



This CAUTION symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result damage to the product.



This symbol advises the user that the terminal(s) so marked must not be connected to a circuit point at which the voltage with respect to earth ground exceeds (in this case) 1000 VAC or VDC



This symbol adjacent to one or more terminals identifies them as being associated with ranges that may, be subjected to particularly hazardous voltages. For maximum safety, the meter and test leads should not be handled when these terminals are energized.



Double Insulation.

PER IEC1010 OVERVOLTAGE INSTALLATION CATEGORY

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY I

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY I is equipment for connection to circuits in which measures are taken to limit the transient overvoltages to an appropriate low level.

Note - Examples include protected electronic circuits.

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II is energy-consuming equipment to be supplied from the fixed installation.

Note - Examples include household, office, and laboratory appliances.

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III is equipment in fixed installations.

Note – Examples include switches in the fixed installation and some equipment for industrial use with permanent connection to the fixed installation.

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY IV

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY IV is for use at the origin of the installation.

Note – Examples include electricity meters and primary over-current protection equipment

SAFETY INFORMATION

Caution and proper guidelines must be followed for personal and product safety. Read this instruction manual carefully and completely before using the meter. Lack of caution or poor safety practices can result in serious injury or death.

- Always start with power off. Set the function switch to the correct setting before making any measurements and do not change position of the function switch during measurements.
- Do not use the meter if the meter or test leads look damaged or if there is doubt that the meter is not operating properly.
- When using the test probes always keep fingers behind the finger guards. Never touch the exposed probe tip.
- Always consider circuits to be energized. Never assume any equipment to be de-energized.
- Use caution when working above 35VDC or 25VAC RMS as these voltages pose a shock hazard.
- Never connect unit to AC or DC powered circuits when the function switch is set to resistance, diode check or continuity ranges.
- · Always disconnect the power when performing resistance, or diode tests.
- Always turn off the power to the circuit under test before unsoldering or breaking the circuits. Small amount of current can be dangerous.
- · Disconnect test leads before removing the batteries or the fuse.
- · Do not operate the unit unless the case is completely closed.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This meter has been designed for safe use, but must be operated with caution. The rules listed below must be carefully followed for safe operation.

NEVER apply voltage or current to the meter that exceeds the specified maximum:

Input Limits		
Function	Maximum Input	
V DC or V AC	1000VDC/AC rms	
mA AC/DC	800mA 1000V fast acting fuse	
A AC/DC	10A 1000V fast acting fuse (20A for 30 seconds max every 15 minutes)	
Frequency, Resistance, Capacitance, Diode Test, Continuity	1000VDC/AC rms	
Temperature	1000VDC/AC rms	
Surge Protection: 8kV peak per IEC 61010		

- 2. USE EXTREME CAUTION when working with high voltages.
- DO NOT measure voltage if the voltage on the "COM" input jack exceeds 600V above earth ground.
- NEVER connect the meter leads across a voltage source while the function switch is in the current, resistance, or diode mode. Doing so can damage the meter.
- 5. **ALWAYS** discharge filter capacitors in power supplies and disconnect the power when making resistance or diode tests.
- ALWAYS turn off the power and disconnect the test leads before opening the covers to replace the fuse or batteries.
- 7. **NEVER** operate the meter unless the back cover and the battery and fuse covers are in place and fastened securely.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

Controls and Jacks

- 6.000 count LCD display 1
- **RANGE** button 2
- 3 Hz and % button
- 4 Mode button
- 5 Function switch
- µA, mA and 10A input jacks 6
- 7 COM input jack
- 8 Positive input jack
- HOLD and Backlight button 9
- 10. RELATIVE button
- 11. MAX/MIN button

Note: Tilt stand and battery compartment are on rear of unit

Symbols and Annunciators



Θ	Auto power off		MAX MIN HO
•))	Continuity	DC	
▶	Diode test	AC	
+	Battery status	A C	7) (7) (
n	nano (10 ⁻⁹) (capacitance)		
μ	micro (10 ⁻⁶) (amps, cap)	- <u> </u>	
m	milli (10-3) (volts, amps)		
Α	Amps		
k	kilo (103) (ohms)		
F	Farads (capacitance)		
М	mega (10 ⁶) (ohms)		
Ω	Ohms		
Hz	Hertz (frequency)	V	Volts
%	Percent (duty ratio)AC	REL	Relative
AC	Alternating current	AUTO	Autoran
DC	Direct current	HOLD	Display
°F	Degrees Fahrenheit	°C	Degrees
MAX	Maximum	MIN	Minimun



	neialive
UTO	Autoranging
OLD	Display hold
0	Degrees Centigrade
lin	Minimum

Specifications

Enclosure	Double molded, waterproof
Shock (Drop Test)	6.5 feet (2 meters)
Diode Test	Test current of 0.9mA maximum, open circuit voltage 2.8V DC typical
Continuity Check	Audible signal will sound if the resistance is less than 100 Ω (approx.), test current <0.35mA
Temperature Sensor	Requires type K thermocouple
Input Impedance	>10MΩ
AC Response	True RMS
ACV Bandwidth	40Hz to 1000Hz
Crest Factor	${\leq}3$ at full scale up to 500V, decreasing linearly to ${\leq}1.5$ at 1000V
Display	6,000 count backlit liquid crystal with bargraph
Over range indication	"OL" is displayed
Auto Power Off	15 minutes (approximately) with disable feature
Polarity	Automatic (no indication for positive); Minus (-)
	sign for negative
Measurement Rate	sign for negative 2 times per second, nominal
Measurement Rate Low Battery Indication	sign for negative 2 times per second, nominal " ⁽⁺⁾ " is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating voltage
Measurement Rate Low Battery Indication Battery	sign for negative 2 times per second, nominal " ¹ " is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating voltage One 9 volt (NEDA 1604) battery
Measurement Rate Low Battery Indication Battery Fuses	sign for negative 2 times per second, nominal " ¹ " is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating voltage One 9 volt (NEDA 1604) battery mA, μA ranges; 0.8A/1000V ceramic fast blow, 6.32 x 32mm A range; 10A/1000V ceramic fast blow, 10 x 38mm
Measurement Rate Low Battery Indication Battery Fuses Operating Temperature	sign for negative 2 times per second, nominal " ⁽¹⁾ " is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating voltage One 9 volt (NEDA 1604) battery mA, µA ranges; 0.8A/1000V ceramic fast blow, 6.32 x 32mm A range; 10A/1000V ceramic fast blow, 10 x 38mm 41°F to 104°F (5°C to 40°C)
Measurement Rate Low Battery Indication Battery Fuses Operating Temperature Storage Temperature	sign for negative 2 times per second, nominal " ⁽¹⁾ " is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating voltage One 9 volt (NEDA 1604) battery mA, μA ranges; 0.8A/1000V ceramic fast blow, 6.32 x 32mm A range; 10A/1000V ceramic fast blow, 10 x 38mm 41°F to 104°F (5°C to 40°C) -4°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C)
Measurement Rate Low Battery Indication Battery Fuses Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Operating Humidity	sign for negative 2 times per second, nominal " ⁽¹⁾ " is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating voltage One 9 volt (NEDA 1604) battery mA, μA ranges; 0.8A/1000V ceramic fast blow, 6.32 x 32mm A range; 10A/1000V ceramic fast blow, 10 x 38mm 41°F to 104°F (5°C to 40°C) -4°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C) Max 80% up to 87°F (31°C) decreasing linearly to 50% at 104°F (40°C)
Measurement Rate Low Battery Indication Battery Fuses Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Operating Humidity Storage Humidity	sign for negative 2 times per second, nominal " ^(*) " is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating voltage One 9 volt (NEDA 1604) battery mA, µA ranges; 0.8A/1000V ceramic fast blow, 6.32 x 32mm A range; 10A/1000V ceramic fast blow, 10 x 38mm 41°F to 104°F (5°C to 40°C) -4°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C) Max 80% up to 87°F (31°C) decreasing linearly to 50% at 104°F (40°C) <80%
Measurement Rate Low Battery Indication Battery Fuses Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Operating Humidity Storage Humidity Operating Altitude	sign for negative 2 times per second, nominal " ^[1] " is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating voltage One 9 volt (NEDA 1604) battery mA, µA ranges; 0.8A/1000V ceramic fast blow, 6.32 x 32mm A range; 10A/1000V ceramic fast blow, 10 x 38mm 41°F to 104°F (5°C to 40°C) -4°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C) Max 80% up to 87°F (31°C) decreasing linearly to 50% at 104°F (40°C) <80% 7000ft. (2000meters) maximum

Size 7.36" x 3.2" x 2.0" (187 x 81 x 50mm) (includes holster)

Safety / Approvals This meter is UL and CUL approved and conforms to IEC61010-1 for Overvoltage Category CAT IV 600V and CAT III 1000V

Function	Range	Resolution	Acc	uracy
DC Voltage	600mV	0.1mV		
	6V	0.001V		
	60V	0.01V	±(0.09% reading + 2 digits)	
	600V	0.1V		
	1000V	1V		
			50 to 60Hz	40Hz to 1KHz
	6V	0.001V		
	60V	0.01V	±(1.0% reading	±(2.0% reading + 3 dgts)
AC voltage	600V	0.1V	+ 3 dgts)	
	1000V	1V	1	
	All AC voltage ranges are specified from 5% of range to 100% of range			nge to 100% of range
	600µA	0.1µA	±(1.5% reading + 3 digits)	
	6000µA	1μA		
	60mA	0.01mA		
DC Current	600mA	0.1mA		
	6A	0.001A		
	10A	0.01A		
	(20A: 30 sec max with reduced accuracy)			
			40Hz to 1kHz	
	600µA	0.1µA	±(1.5% reading + 3 digits)	
	6000µA	1μA		
	60mA	0.01mA		
AC Current	600mA	0.1mA		
	6A	0.001A		
	10A	0.01A		
	(20A: 30 sec max with reduced accuracy)			
	All AC voltage ranges are specified from 5% of range to 100% of range			

Note: Accuracy is stated at 65°F to 83°F (18°C to 28°C) and less than 75% RH.

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy	
Resistance	600Ω	0.1Ω		
	6kΩ	0.001kΩ		
	60kΩ	0.01kΩ	±(0.3% reading + 4 digits)	
	600kΩ	0.1kΩ		
	6MΩ	0.001MΩ		
	60MΩ	0.01MΩ	±(0.3% reading + 20 digits)	
	60nF	0.01nF		
	600nF	0.1nF		
Canacitanaa	6µF	0.001µF	±(3.5% reading + 4 digits)	
Capacitance	60µF	0.01µF		
	600µF	0.1µF		
	1000µF	1μF	±(5% reading + 5 digits)	
	9.999Hz	0.001Hz		
	99.99Hz	0.01Hz		
	999.9Hz	0.1Hz	±(0.1% reading + 1 digits)	
	9.999kHz	0.001kHz		
Froguency	99.99kHz	0.01kHz		
Trequency	999.9kHz	0.1kHz		
	9.999MHz	0.001MHz		
	40MHz	.01MHz		
	Sensitivity: 0.8V rms min. @ 20% to 80% duty cycle and <100kHz; 5Vrms min @ 20% to 80% duty cycle and > 100kHz.			
Frequency	10.00-400Hz	0.01Hz	±(0.5% reading)	
(electrical)	Sensitivity: 15Vrms			
	0.1%~99.9%	0.1%	±(1.2% reading + 2 digits)	
	Pulse width: 100us to 100ms, Frequency: 5Hz to 150kHz			
Temp	-50 to 1382°F	1°F	±(3.0% reading + 5°C /9°F digits)	
(type-K)	-45 to 750°C	1°C	(probe accuracy not included)	

Note: Accuracy specifications consist of two elements:

• (% reading) - This is the accuracy of the measurement circuit.

• (+ digits) – This is the accuracy of the analog to digital converter.

WARNING: Risk of electrocution. High-voltage circuits, both AC and DC, are very dangerous and should be measured with great care.

- ALWAYS turn the function switch to OFF position when the meter is not in use.
- 2. If "OL" appears in the display during a measurement, the value exceeds the range you have selected. Change to a higher range.

DC Voltage Measurements

CAUTION: Do not measure DC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

- 1. Set the function switch to the $\mathbf{\ddot{V}}$ position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive V jack.
- 3. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.



4. Read the voltage in the display.

AC Voltage (Frequency, Duty Cycle) Measurements

WARNING: Risk of Electrocution. The probe tips may not be long enough to contact the live parts inside some 240V outlets for appliances because the contacts are recessed deep in the outlets. As a result, the reading may show 0 volts when the outlet actually has voltage on it. Make sure the probe tips are touching the metal contacts inside the outlet before assuming that no voltage is present.

CAUTION: Do not measure AC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

- 1. Set the function switch to the $\widetilde{V}/Hz/\%$ position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack. Insert red test lead banana plug into the positive V jack.
- Touch the black test probe tip to the neutral side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the "hot" side of the circuit.
- 4. Read the voltage in the display.
- 5. Press the HZ/% button to indicate "Hz".
- 6. Read the frequency in the display.
- 7. Press the HZ/% button again to indicate "%".
- 8. Read the % of duty cycle in the display.



CAUTION: Do not make 20A current measurements for longer than 30 seconds. Exceeding 30 seconds may cause damage to the meter and/ or the test leads.

- 1. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack.
- 2. For current measurements up to $6000\mu A$ DC, set the function switch to the yellow $\mu \overline{A}$ position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the $\mu A/mA$ jack.
- For current measurements up to 600mA DC, set the function switch to the yellow mA position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the μA/mA jack.
- For current measurements up to 10A DC, set the function switch to the yellow 10A/HZ/% position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the 10A jack.
- 5. Press the **MODE** button to indicate "**DC**" on the display.
- Remove power from the circuit under test, then open up the circuit at the point where you wish to measure current.
- 7. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
- 8. Apply power to the circuit.
- 9. Read the current in the display.



AC Current (Frequency, Duty Cycle) Measurements

CAUTION: Do not make 20A current measurements for longer than 30 seconds. Exceeding 30 seconds may cause damage to the meter and/or the test leads.

- 1. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack.
- 2. For current measurements up to $6000\mu AAC$, set the function switch to the yellow $\mu \overline{A}$ position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the $\mu A/mA$ jack.
- 3. For current measurements up to 600mA AC, set the function switch to the yellow $\mathbf{m}\mathbf{\tilde{A}}$ position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the $\mathbf{\mu}\mathbf{A}/\mathbf{m}\mathbf{A}$ jack.
- For current measurements up to 10A AC, set the function switch to the yellow 10A/HZ/% position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the 10A iack.
- Press the MODE button to indicate "AC" on the display.
- Remove power from the circuit under test, then open up the circuit at the point where you wish to measure current.
- Touch the black test probe tip to the neutral side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the "hot" side of the circuit.
- 8. Apply power to the circuit.
- 9. Read the current in the display.
- 10. Press the Hz/% button to indicate "Hz".
- 11. Read the frequency in the display.
- 12. Press the Hz/% button again to indicate "%".
- 13. Read the % duty cycle in the display.
- 14. Press the Hz/% button to return to current measurement.



Resistance Measurements

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any resistance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords.

- 1. Set the function switch to the $\Omega \rightarrow \cdots$ position.
- 2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive Ω jack.
- 3. Press the MODE button to indicate "Ω" on the display.
- Touch the test probe tips across the circuit or part under test. It is best to disconnect one side of the part under test so the rest of the circuit will not interfere with the resistance reading.
- 5. Read the resistance in the display.

Continuity Check

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, never measure continuity on circuits or wires that have voltage on them.

- Set the function switch to the Ω → ···) → position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive Ω jack.
- Press the MODE button to indicate ") and "Ω" on the display.
- 4. Touch the test probe tips to the circuit or wire you wish to check.
- 5. If the resistance is less than approximately 35Ω , the audible signal will sound. If the circuit is open, the display will indicate "OL".





Press the **MODE** button to indicate \rightarrow and **V** on the

display.

3

Touch the test probes to the diode under test. Forward 4 voltage will typically indicate 0.400 to 0.700V. Reverse voltage will indicate "OL". Shorted devices will indicate near 0V and an open device will indicate "OL" in both polarities.

Temperature Measurements

- Set the function switch to °C/°F position. 1
- 2 Insert the Temperature Probe into the input jacks, making sure to observe the correct polarity.
- Press the MODE button to indicate °F or °C 3.
- Touch the Temperature Probe head to the 4 part whose temperature you wish to measure. Keep the probe touching the part under test until the reading stabilizes (about 30 seconds).
- Read the temperature in the display. 5.

NOTE: The temperature probe is fitted with a type K mini connector. A mini connector to banana connector adaptor is supplied for connection to the input banana jacks.

Diode Test

- Set the function switch to the $\Omega \rightarrow \cdots$ solution. 1
- 2 Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive V jack.





Capacitance Measurements

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any capacitance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords.

- Set the function switch to the Ω → ··») → position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive V jack.
- Press the MODE button to indicate "nF" on the display.
- 4. Touch the test leads to the capacitor to be tested.
- The test may take up to 3 minutes or more for large capacitors to charge. Wait until the readings settle before ending the test.



6. Read the capacitance value in the display.

Frequency / Duty Cycle Measurements (Electronic)

- 1. Set the function switch to the "**Hz** %" position.
- 2. Press the Hz/% button to indicate "Hz" in the display.
- Insert the black lead banana plug into the negative COM jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive Hz jack.
- 4. Touch the test probe tips to the circuit under test.
- 5. Read the frequency on the display.
- 6. Press the **Hz/%** button again to indicate "%" on the display.
- 7. Read the % of duty cycle on the display.



Autoranging/Manual Range Selection

When the meter is first turned on, it automatically goes into Autoranging. This automatically selects the best range for the measurements being made and is generally the best mode for most measurements. For measurement situations requiring that a range be manually selected, perform the following:

- 1. Press the RANGE key. The "AUTO" display indicator will turn off.
- 2. Press the **RANGE** key to step through the available ranges until you select the range you want.
- 3. To exit Manual Ranging, press and hold **RANGE** key for 2 seconds.

NOTE: Manual ranging does not apply for Capacitance and Frequency functions.

MAX/MIN

- **NOTE:** When using the MAX/MIN function in Autoranging mode, the meter will "lock" into the range that is displayed on the LCD when MAX/MIN is activated. If a MAX/Min reading exceeds that range, an "OL" will be displayed. Select the desired range BEFORE entering MAX/MIN mode.
- Press the MAX/MIN key to activate the MAX/MIN recording mode. The display icon "MAX" will appear. The meter will display and hold the maximum reading and will update only when a new "max" occurs.
- Press the MAX/MIN key again and the display icon "MIN" will appear. The meter will display and hold the minimum reading and will update only when a new "min" occurs.
- 3. To exit MAX/MIN mode press and hold the MAX/MIN key for 2 seconds.

RELATIVE MODE

The relative measurement feature allows you to make measurements relative to a stored reference value. A reference voltage, current, etc. can be stored and measurements made in comparison to that value. The displayed value is the difference between the reference value and the measured value.

- 1. Perform the measurement as described in the operating instructions.
- Press the REL button to store the reading in the display and the "REL" indicator will appear on the display.
- The display will now indicate the difference between the stored value and the measured value.
- 4. Press the REL button to exit the relative mode.

NOTE: The Relative function does not operate in the Frequency function.

DISPLAY BACKLIGHT

Press the **HOLD** key for >1 second to turn on or off the display backlight function. The backlight will automatically turn off after 10 seconds.

HOLD

The hold function freezes the reading in the display. Press the HOLD key momentarily to activate or to exit the HOLD function.

MODE

To select Resistance, Diode, Continuity, Capacitance, $^{\rm o}\text{F},\,^{\rm o}\text{C}$ or AC and DC Volts and Current.

AUTO POWER OFF

The auto off feature will turn the meter off after approximate 15 minutes of inactivity. To disable the auto power off feature, hold down the **MODE** button and turn the meter on.

LOW BATTERY INDICATION

The $\stackrel{|}{\vdash}$ icon will be indicated in the display when the battery voltage becomes low. Replace the battery when this appears.

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the back cover or the battery or fuse covers.

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the battery and fuse covers are in place and fastened securely.

This multimeter is designed to provide years of dependable service, if the following care instructions are performed:

- 1. KEEP THE METER DRY. If it gets wet, wipe it off.
- USE AND STORE THE METER IN NORMAL TEMPERATURES. Temperature extremes can shorten the life of the electronic parts and distort or melt plastic parts.
- 3. HANDLE THE METER GENTLY AND CAREFULLY. Dropping it can damage the electronic parts or the case.
- 4. **KEEP THE METER CLEAN.** Wipe the case occasionally with a damp cloth. DO NOT use chemicals, cleaning solvents, or detergents.
- USE ONLY FRESH BATTERIES OF THE RECOMMENDED SIZE AND TYPE. Remove old or weak batteries so they do not leak and damage the unit.
- 6. IF THE METER IS TO BE STORED FOR A LONG PERIOD OF TIME, the batteries should be removed to prevent damage to the unit.

Battery Installation

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the battery cover.

- 1. Turn power off and disconnect the test leads from the meter.
- 2. Open the rear battery cover by removing two screws (B) using a Phillips head screwdriver.
- 3. Insert the battery into battery holder, observing the correct polarity.
- 4. Put the battery cover back in place. Secure with the screws.

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, do not operate the meter until the battery cover is in place and fastened securely.

NOTE: If your meter does not work properly, check the fuses and batteries to make sure that they are still good and that they are properly inserted.



Replacing the Fuses

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the fuse cover.

- 1. Disconnect the test leads from the meter.
- 2. Remove the protective rubber holster.
- 3. Remove the battery cover (two "B" screws) and the battery.
- 4. Remove the six "A" screws securing the rear cover.
- 5. Gently remove the old fuse and install the new fuse into the holder.
- Always use a fuse of the proper size and value (0.8A/1000V fast blow for the 600mA range [SIBA 70-172-40], 10A/1000V fast blow for the 10A range [SIBA 50-199-06]).
- 7. Replace and secure the rear cover, battery and battery cover.

WARNING: To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the fuse door is in place and fastened securely.

Limited Warranty

Circuit-Test Electronics warrants to the original purchaser that this product be free of defect in material or workmanship for a period of 2 years from the date of purchase.

Any product which has been subjected to misuse or accidental damage is excluded from the warranty. Except as stated above, Circuit-Test Electronics makes no promises or warranties either expressed or implied including warranties of merchantability or the fitness for any particular purpose.

M-DMR-6780 / 07R13